

1,500 Dead Is Latest Estimate at Halifax



The



World.



PRICE (ONE CENT in Greater New York and Hudson County, N. J. TWO CENTS elsewhere.)

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60 LOST ON U. S. WARSHIP SUNK BY U BOAT; 37 SAVED

DEATH LIST AT HALIFAX REDUCED TO 1,500; BLIZZARD HAMPERS WORK OF RELIEF

**Wounded Freezing in Their Homes—
Report That Munitions Ship Was
Ablaze Before Collision That Re-
sulted in Awful Loss of Life.**

HALIFAX, Dec. 8.—(From Staff
Men of the Associated Press.)—The
Massachusetts relief train that left
Boston Thursday night arrived here
to-day.

There is absolutely no way of es-
timating with any degree of accuracy
the number of dead as a result of the
explosion on Thursday. Fifteen hun-
dred dead is the generally accepted
figure by the authorities.

In one morgue there are 300 bodies.
They were viewed by a multitude to-
day, but only a few were identified.
There are probably 200 other bodies
on view awaiting identification. In
the greater number of cases this will
be impossible.

A citizens' committee issued a state-
ment saying that between 3,000 and
4,000 dwellings occupied by the poor
classes had been destroyed, affecting
approximately 25,000 persons. Inves-
tigation shows that almost 20,000 per-
sons are destitute.

Sir Robert Borden, the Premier,
who has arrived here, conferred with
local committees and this afternoon
issued a statement expressing thanks
to the people of the United States for
their generous aid.

The Premier referred gratefully to
the arrival to-day of the Massachu-
setts relief train.

Capt. Murray, who commanded the
steamship Empress of Ireland when
she sank in the St. Lawrence River,
has been found among the dead. He
was in the Imperial Service.

Other trains bearing medical as-
sistance and food are being held up
in drifts caused by the blizzard that
started last night and continued with
fury to-day.

The city is practically cut off
to-day from all communication
by railroad or steamship.

Many of the people are in a des-
perate plight for lack of food, medical
aid and shelter. Several of the in-
jured died from the biting cold dur-
ing the night.

HOUSES THAT REMAIN ARE
UNINHABITABLE.

In many houses that remained the
windows have been blown out, there
are holes in walls and roofs and
stoves have been demolished. Many
of such buildings are of necessity
being used as hospitals, and as a result
some of the injured have died of neg-
lect and many others because of in-
adequate protection from cold. The
storm has meant a death sentence to
them as well as to those who had not
been found when rescuers were forced
to suspend work last night.

If the storm continues to interfere
with railroad traffic there is danger
of famine. There is food enough for
the present.

Three American vessels have ar-
(Continued on Second Page.)

BATTLE IN THE AIR OVER SWISS TERRITORY

Allied Aviators Chase Germans
Across the Border and Fight
for Twenty Minutes.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Dec. 8.—The
first aerial battle between Allied and
German aviators over Swiss territory
occurred yesterday around Basle. The
Germans, hard pressed by their op-
ponents, entered Switzerland.

The fight took place at a great
height and the number of airplanes is
not known. The encounter lasted
twenty minutes. Seven bombs were
dropped on Swiss territory but only
material damage resulted.

Eventually the aviators sped toward
Alsace, still fighting, while Swiss sol-
diers bombarded both parties with
shells from anti-aircraft guns. The
resident of Basle and the neighboring
territory are indignant over the viola-
tion of Switzerland's neutrality.

ATTACKS NEAR VERDUN KEPT UP BY GERMANS

Actions Particularly Lively on the
Right Bank of the River
Meuse.

PARIS, Dec. 8.—There was active
fighting last night on the
right bank of the Meuse, particularly
in the sector between Bezonvaux and
Beaumont and in the region of Hill
144. Says today's official announce-
ment.

In the region south of Senones the
Germans attempted to raid one of our
small posts. They were repulsed com-
pletely. The night was comparatively
quiet on the remainder of the front.

WINTER'S FIRST REAL SNOW HITS CITY WITH ICY BLAST

Weather Bureau Predicts It Will
Be Followed To-Night
by Rain.

Prospects of involuntary street skat-
ing parties and other features of an
old-fashioned winter were borne in on
New York with the city's first real
snow to-day. The snow began falling
about 11 o'clock. Streets in the out-
lying districts and the roofs of down-
town buildings were soon covered.

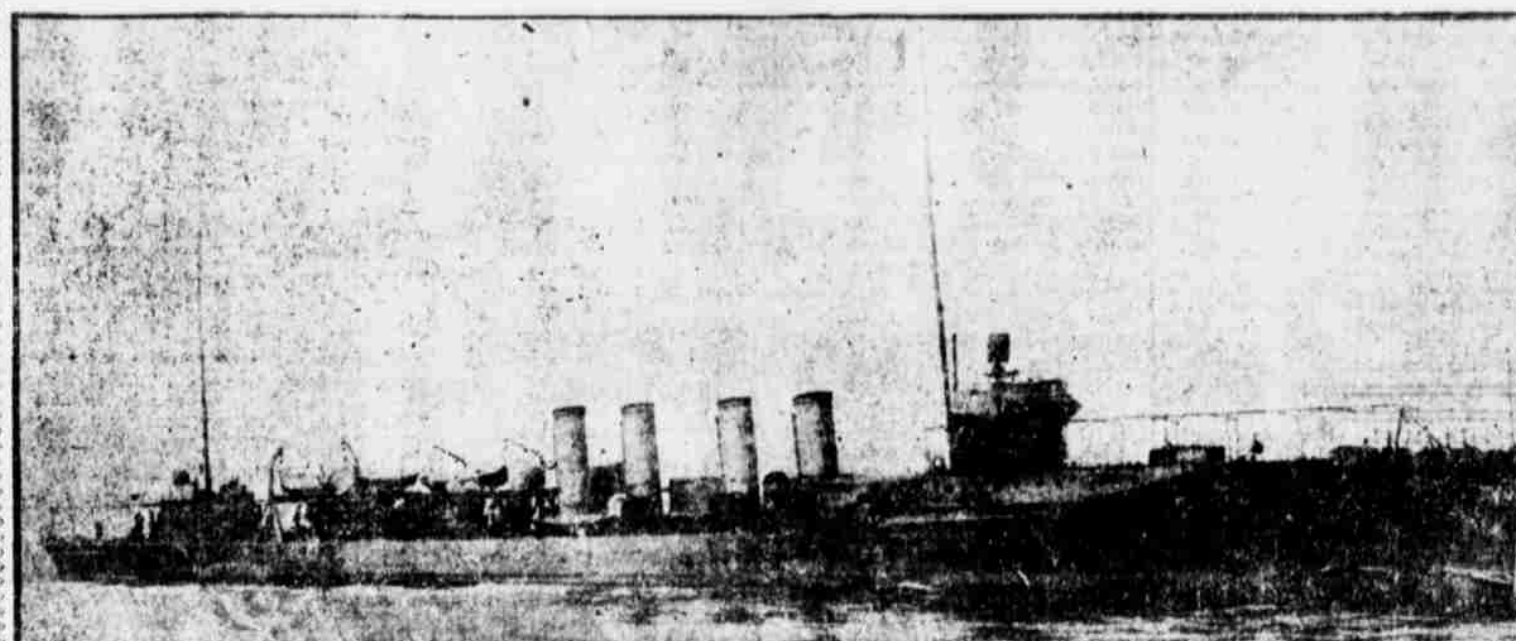
The Weather Bureau reported that
the storm centre came from the West
coast states and would settle over New
York and Pennsylvania.

The bureau said the snow probably
would turn to rain with rising tem-
peratures to-night, but that it would
be much colder to-morrow. The tem-
perature at 12 o'clock to-day was
24 above.

The only ray of hope held out for
to-morrow is that the wind may shift
and that New York will get some com-
paratively warm breezes from New
Jersey. At Atlantic City this morning
the temperature was 28 and at Long
Branch 22. But the prediction is for
stiff gales to-morrow.

Heiler's Grand Remedy Prevents Pneumonia
and Cures Croup and Whooping Cough.

DESTROYER JACOB JONES, NEWEST AND LARGEST IN NAVY



SHERIFF IS CALLED TO PROTECT COURT AT MEANS'S TRIAL

Judge Rebukes Dooling for
Manner of Cross Exam-
ining the Prisoner.

CONCORD, N. C., Dec. 8.—Tense
feeling continued today at the trial
here of Gaston B. Means, charged with
the murder of Mrs. Maude A. King,
wealthy widow of New York and Chi-
cago. The prisoner and his counsel,
and apparently the populace, resent
the part in the prosecution be-
ing taken by Assistant District Attor-
ney John T. Dooling of New York.

Means declares the entire by Dooling
of his papers cripples his defense.

When court reconvened to-day
Judge Kline announced that the ques-
tion and answer rule would be rig-
idly enforced and that he would as-
sume full responsibility for the ex-
amination. This action was taken
to prevent further delay by clashes
between counsel. Verbal outbreaks
continued however, and reached such
a point that the court ordered the
sheriff to remain within the bar. The
vigil with which Dooling conducted
the cross examination of Means
brought protests from the defendant
lawyers and a reprimand from the
court.

The defendant told of loans of
\$1,000 and \$2,000 made by him to Mrs.
King at different times about the
same period during which he was re-
ceiving money from the "German in-
terests."

Means testified that his wife paid
debts of his with \$1,000 bill—four of
them at one time and three at an-
other—money which he got from
"German interests" at the Manhattan
Hotel, for services he rendered there.
Pressed for the name of the man who
paid him the money, Means said his
name was Heiler.

"Were there not numerous explo-
sions in this country at that time?"
asked Mr. Dooling.

The question was ruled out. Means
described Heiler as tall, of military
bearing and quite handsome. He had
his office, he thought, at No. 11 Broad-
way, New York. This was before war
between the United States and Ger-
many was declared.

Means began getting money from
the "German interests" in December,
1914, he said, receiving considerable
amounts in addition to the \$7,000 first
mentioned.

(Continued on Second Page.)

U. S., AT WAR WITH AUSTRIA, PLANS TO SEND SPEEDY AID TO HARD-PRESSED ITALIANS

Meyer London of New York
Casts Only Vote Against
the Declaration.

By Samuel M. Williams.
(Special Staff Correspondent of the
Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Declara-
tion of war on Austria made no out-
ward apparent difference to-day in
the status of affairs that has existed
for many months, but it has opened
wider the gates for America's par-
ticipation in the European conflict
and removed barriers that were be-
coming embarrassing in plans for fu-
ture activities.

It clears the way for giving prac-
tical assistance to hard-pressed Italy,
which, in the gossip and rumors of the
capital, is the move first expected.

What it may mean in the realm of
diplomacy and the subsequent de-
velopments of greater pressure of in-
ternational statecraft are more closely
guarded by the directing
powers.

The action was quick beyond all
American precedent. Within the
compass of five hours Congress
passed the war resolution and Pres-
ident Wilson affixed his signature to
the ratified document. Only one hear-
ing was announced by the Senate in
debate. The House of Representatives
talked for three hours, beginning
a few minutes past noon and ending
at 2:45 o'clock. The President
signed the resolution at 5:30 o'clock,
and from that moment the United
States took on a new enemy.

In the Senate the vote was unani-
mous, with Senator La Follette op-
posing the war resolution and Pres-
ident Wilson affixed his signature to
the ratified document. Only one hear-
ing was announced by the Senate in
debate. The House of Representatives
talked for three hours, beginning
a few minutes past noon and ending
at 2:45 o'clock. The President
signed the resolution at 5:30 o'clock,
and from that moment the United
States took on a new enemy.

Dr. Ernst Kunwald Arrested as
Enemy Alien.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—Dr. Ernst
Kunwald, Director of the Cincinnati
Symphony Orchestra Association, was
arrested to-day in the association's of-
fice by United States Marshal Deane
of Washington. Kunwald is an Austrian
who was arrested under Section 12 of the
Espionage Act of April 8, 1917, as
an enemy alien.

(Continued on Second Page.)

MYSTERIOUS FIRE BURNS AN ARMY WAREHOUSE

Four Austrians Under Arrest as
Suspects Connected With
Blaze in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—A warehouse at
South Dearborn and 19th Streets re-
cently leased by the Government for
the medical division of the army was
destroyed by fire of mysterious origin
to-day.

Chaos among the stores caused a
number of small explosions.

The flames burned so fiercely that
they melted the walls of the structure
which was standing when firemen ar-
rived.

Major W. B. Stetson and three other
employees fled from the flames. Major
Stetson said he had no comment to
make on suspicion of firemen that in-
surrender started the fire.

In an adjacent warehouse to the one
destroyed is a quantity of high ex-
plosives. These were removed by ex-
perts and firemen.

Four Austrians are under arrest as
suspects in connection with the fire.

(Continued on Second Page.)

TRIBUTE IS PAID TO LOST BROTHER BY MRS. DANIELS

Commander of Destroyer Had
"Gone Into Navy to Replace
Ensign Bagley.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Mrs.
Josephus Daniels, wife of the Secre-
tary of the Navy, this afternoon paid
a tribute to her brother, Lieut. Com-
mander David Worth Bagley, com-
mander of the destroyer Jacob Jones,
torpedoed in the war zone.

Controlling her tears, which at first
prevented her making a statement,
Mrs. Daniels said that the comman-
der entered the naval service purely
to take the place of his brother,
Ensign Worth Bagley.

He was only sixteen years old when
he entered the Naval Academy, by a
special act of Congress. He was
graduated in 1904. It was his desire
to join the Navy from the moment
that his brother was killed.

Mrs. Daniels said she awaited more
definite news of the fate of her
brother. Mrs. Daniels has a third
brother in the Navy, Ensign William
Henry Bagley.

Mrs. Adelaide E. Bagley, mother of
the destroyer commander and a wife
of the Secretary's home, 2333 was de-
parting for the hospital at Matanzas,
Cuba, to be with her brother who was
reportedly killed.

REVOLUTION IN PORTUGAL.
Outbreaks Reported at Lisbon and
Other Points.

MADRID, Dec. 8.—A revolution has
broken out in Lisbon, capital of Portu-
gal, according to a dispatch received
here by way of Oporto and Tux. Out-
breaks also are said to be reported in
Oporto. Recent dispatches called from
Lisbon to the United States have said
that telegraphic communication between
Spain and Portugal had been cut off
it being informed that there was a
revolution in Portugal and that the
authorities had been expelled.

Revolutions and pillaging are reported
from Oporto. The revolution is con-
tinued in Lisbon.

LIEUT. COMMANDER BAGLEY, BROTHER OF MRS. DANIELS, PROBABLY LOST ON WARSHIP

**Jacob Jones, One of the Newest and
Largest U. S. Destroyers, Attacked
by U Boat at Night—Names of
Ten Survivors Reported by Sims.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Torpedoed in a night attack, the
American destroyer Jacob Jones, one of the newest and largest
submarine hunters in her class, was sunk Thursday night in the
war zone and two-thirds of her crew lost. The disaster brings to
the American people the first naval loss of great consequence since
the country entered the war.

Thirty-seven of her officers and crew were taken off in life
rafts. The remainder are not accounted for in to-day's despatch
from Vice Admiral Sims, who forwarded the names of ten of the
survivors.

Lieut. Commander David Worth Bagley, brother of Mrs. Jo-
sephus Daniels, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, and whose
brother was the first American officer to give his life in the Span-
ish-American War, does not appear in the list of survivors. The
other brother of Mrs. Daniels, Ensign Worth Bagley, was on the
Winslow and was killed while trying to cut the wires at Matanzas.
Lieut. Commander Bagley was in command of the Jacob Jones
when it was torpedoed.

Inasmuch as Admiral Sims mentioned other officers among
the survivors and did not name Bagley, it is feared he went down
with his ship.

The complement of the Jones in peace times was five officers,
five petty officers and eighty-seven enlisted men. Undoubtedly
this has been increased to a hundred or more. From the first re-
port it would appear that the loss of life would be upward of
sixty.

The names of ten survivors have been received here, as
follows:

- Lieut. JOHN K. RICHARDS.
- Ensign NELSON N. GATES.
- Assistant Surgeon L. L. ADAMKIEWICZ.
- Fireman CHARLES E. PIERCE.
- Seaman TIMOTHY EDWARD TWOMEY.
- Seaman JOHN C. JOHNSON.
- Chief Machinist's Mate HENRY A. STUTZKE.
- Second Class Fireman EDWARD F. GRADY.
- Seaman JOHN J. MULVANEY.
- Seaman MYRON FLOOD.

The attack, which was at 8 o'clock at night, was delivered by
torpedo. In the rolling icy seas of the North Atlantic winter
weather the submarine probably had plenty of opportunity to pick
her time for the shot. The submersible probably came upon the
destroyer patrolling her course in the dark and had all the best
of the engagement.

No details were contained in to-day's report, but it has been
the case heretofore that when a submarine gets a hit on a de-
stroyer it is more due to a chance meeting and good opportunity
than fighting skill on the part of the submarine.

The large loss of life would indicate that the torpedo, with its
deadly charge of high explosive, made a fair hit plump on the de-